

Product Name ELITE 270 Neat Cutting Oil

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name Euromarc

Address 203 Glover Road, Hawera, New Zealand 4610

**Telephone** 0800 278 600

Fax

Emergency 111

Email sales@euromarc.co.nz
Web Site www.euromarc.co.nzSynthetic

Synonym(s)

Use(s) CUTTING OIL • SULPHONATED OILS

SDS Date 03 March 2022

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**RISK PHRASES** 

R64 May cause harm to breastfed babies.

**SAFETY PHRASES** 

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

# NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
PETROLEUM RESIDUAL OILS - SOLVENT DEWAXED	Not Available	64742-62-7	<30%
ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO	Not Available	85535-85-9	<2%
PARAFFIN OIL - HIGHLY SOLVENT REFINED	Not Available	64742-65-0	>60%
ADDITIVE(S)	Not Available	Not Available	<15%

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a

Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue

flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do

not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

Fire and Explosion

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**Extinguishing** Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

Hazchem Code None Allocated

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

## 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems. Store as a Class C2 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

Handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Stds**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		TEL	
Mineral Oil Mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Mineral oil mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

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Wear splash-proof goggles and PVC or rubber gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. With prolonged use, wear: viton (R) or nitrile gloves and coveralls.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance DARK BROWN LIQUID Solubility (water) INSOLUBLE

Odour STRONG CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR Specific Gravity 0.88

pH NOT RELEVANT % Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

Vapour Pressure NOT AVAILABLE Flammability CLASS C2 COMBUSTIBLE

Vapour Density NOT AVAILABLE Flash Point > 200°C

 Boiling Point
 NOT AVAILABLE
 Upper Explosion Limit
 NOT AVAILABLE

 Melting Point
 NOT AVAILABLE
 Lower Explosion Limit
 NOT AVAILABLE

Evaporation Rate NOT AVAILABLE

Autoignition TemperatureNOT AVAILABLEDecomposition Temperature NOT AVAILABLEPartition CoefficientNOT AVAILABLEViscosity46 cSt @ 40°C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), heat

May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

and ignition sources.

Hazardous

Decomposition

**Products** 

Summary

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization is not expected to occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Low to moderate toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Solvent or highly

refined mineral oils are not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity in humans (IARC Group 3). May cause harm to

breastfed babies.

Eye Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Low irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.

Skin Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and dermatitis.

Ingestion Low to moderate toxicity. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and

drowsiness. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

**Toxicity Data** No LD50 data available for this product.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environment** Mineral oils biodegrade slowly and should not be released to waterways or soil. They can float on water, restricting

oxygen exchange with possible asphyxiation of aquatic life.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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Waste Disposal Reuse where possible or return to manufacturer/supplier. May be recycled. Do not release to drains or waterways.

Contact the manufacturer for additional information.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name None Allocated

UN No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and

Poisons (SUSDP).

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# Additional Information

The additives in this product include 2,5-bis(octyldithio-1,3,4-thiadiazole (CAS# 13539-13-4).

MINERAL OILS - SOLVENT REFINED; Animal experiments and human experience have not shown cancer risks when handling solvent refined mineral oils, unlike non refined mineral oils. CLEANING MINERAL OIL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING; Cleaners are advised that when cleaning oil contaminated clothing it is essential that freshly distilled solvent is used for each batch, including final rinse, as even filtered solvent will leave oil residues.

MINERAL OILS - USED; Used mineral oils in engine crankcases and other high temperature/high stress environments may contain potentially harmful residues, some of which have been shown to cause irreversible skin effects, including cancer. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of mists associated with used mineral oils may result in pulmonary fibrosis.

MINERAL OILS - INJECTION; Where high pressure applications are used the risk of accidental injection under the skin exists and may result in an extremely painful and serious injury requiring immediate medical attention. Depending on the pressure used, mineral oils may be injected a considerable distance below the skin and may cause permanent tissue damage. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE WHEN USING HIGH PRESSURE EQUIPMENT.

## ABBREVIATIONS:

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.

ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. mg/m3

- Milligrams per Cubic Metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). ppm

- Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

SWA - Safe Work Australia.

TWA - Time Weighted Average.

## **HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of

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application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### **Report Status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

## **Prepared By**

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794

Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au

SDS Date 3rd March 2022

**End of Report** 

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